

VICTIMS WERE TORTURED

Gross Cruelties Inflicted on the Kucheng Missionaries.

DR. STEWART AND HIS WIFE BURNED

Miss Hartford and Other Americans Escape, Though Severely Wounded—Several Children Killed.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The Telegraph to-morrow will print a dispatch from Shanghai, stating that the massacre at Kucheng occurred July 31. The officials suppressed the news for three days.

The Dead.

The names of the killed are:

GORDON, Miss ANNIE, English Zenana Mission.
MARSHALL, Miss ELSIE, English Zenana Mission.
NEWCOMBE, Miss BESSIE, English Zenana Mission.
SAUNDERS, Miss NELLIE, Church Missionary Society.
SAUNDERS, Miss TOPSY, Church Missionary Society.
STEWART, Miss FLORA, English Zenana Mission.
STEWART, Mrs., wife of the Rev. Dr. Stewart, Church Missionary Society.
STEWART, the Rev. Dr., Church Missionary Society.
STEWART, five children of Dr. and Mrs. Stewart.

Two of Dr. Stewart's children survive. One had one knee broken, and the other, a baby, lost an eye. The following were also saved: Miss Hartwell of the American Mission; Miss Codrington of the English Zenana Mission, and the Rev. H. S. Phillips of the English Church Missionary Society.

United States Consul Hixson, who is stationed at Foo-Chow, with a party of volunteers, upon receipt of the news of the massacre, started on a steam launch for the scene, and has returned, bringing with him the wounded Americans.

The experiences of the survivors were terrible. They say that death was the least part of the sufferings of the butchered women.

The Times will print a dispatch from Shanghai saying that the Rev. Dr. Stewart and his wife and one child were burned to death in their house. The Misses Yellow and Marshall, the two Misses Saunders, the two Misses Gordon, and Miss Newcombe were murdered with spears and swords. Miss Codrington was seriously wounded about the head. This dispatch confirms the report that the Rev. H. S. Phillips and Dr. Gregory of Hartford escaped. Both of them were wounded. The list of killed given by The Times does not correspond with that in The Standard's dispatch.

The indignation in Shanghai is intense. Nevertheless, the many warships in the harbor are idle. A mass meeting has been arranged for to-morrow to protest against the lack of energy on the part of the authorities and to urge that reparation be made, and that the guilty persons be punished. The Mandarins endeavor to blame certain secret societies for the outrage. Europeans, however, regard this as nonsense. The officials are renewing their old tactics of stopping telegrams. The reports of the outrage are rather mixed. The latest says the American missionaries, Miss Hartford and Dr. Gregory, escaped, but the former was fearfully injured. Several English and American children were killed.

The Standard will to-morrow demand that the murderers be visited with condign punishment, and that a stern example be made of the officials, who virtually connived at the commission of the crime. The paper will say:

If the Emperor cannot or will not protect British resident, we must give him assistance of a kind he will not welcome.

The Chronicle will say it trusts that Great Britain and the United States will combine to teach the Chinese a lesson that will cause foreigners to be respected forever, but, in view of the conditions existing in the country, the bodies sending missionaries there, especially women, incur the gravest responsibility. The whole question, The Chronicle adds, ought to be reconsidered.

The Times will say the outrage must, of course, form the subject of strong representation to China from England, and probably from the United States also. It must not be passed over as a trifle. Immunity of the murderers would cause a standing menace to the lives and property of the whole European community in China.

MISS HARTFORD SAVED.

She, with the Other Americans, Was Wounded.

The Rev. Dr. Stephen L. Baldwin, Secretary of the Methodist Episcopal Missionary Society, yesterday afternoon received the following cable message from the Rev. George B. Smythe, at Kucheng, China:

Ten English killed; Miss Hartford safe; our missionaries safe.

The Rev. Dr. Baldwin said that their missionaries consisted of M. C. Wilcox, Dr. Gregory, Miss Mabel Hartford of Dover, N. H., and Miss W. H. Rouse of Minnesota.

The first dispatch from Dr. Smythe, received Saturday, was to the effect that Miss Hartford had been wounded, but Dr. Smythe's dispatch yesterday shows that she has not been injured.

The Rev. Dr. Baldwin said Kucheng, where the massacre took place, is ninety miles from Foo Chow, in the same province, and has a population of about 50,000 people. "I do not know the cause of the riot," he said. "It is only a matter of conjecture. It was a local affair, and of no general significance, and was occasioned by some evil-disposed persons. Another element that entered into it is the disturbed feeling in the country owing to the Japanese victories. There is a general feeling of unrest."

The wife of the Rev. Dr. Baldwin was the first white woman to visit Kucheng. She was there in 1867.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The State Department received the following cablegram from Consul Jernigan, at Shanghai, to-day, in reference to the reported massacre near Kucheng: "Americans safe; none hurt; ten British killed."